

WEDNESDAY: SECTIONALISM & COMPROMISE MAPS: Complete the Sectionalism review and maps below using the information from Tuesday’s assignment and the compromise recaps below. Make sure to use the same two colors for each map – don't forget to shade in the map keys!

The Missouri Compromise, 1820 – First compromise on what to do with Western territories. Balance needed to keep both sides happy. Still an aging Thomas Jefferson thought it was the death “knell of the Union” because America could not remain so divided.

The Compromise of 1850 – Most of the new territories acquired during the Mexican-American War (1846-1848) were below the Missouri Compromise parallel 36°30’ north. Northern Congressmen wanted to modify the Compromise so that a balance could be kept.

Kansas Nebraska Act, 1854 - Northern Democrat Stephen Douglas hoped popular sovereignty would enable democracy to decide about slavery, so he would not have to take a side on the issue. The Act was created to open thousands of new farms and allow for a Transcontinental Railroad.

1. WHAT IS SECTIONALISM?

2. HOW ARE THE THREE REGIONS DIFFERENT?

WEST:

SOUTH:

NORTH:

THE MISSOURI COMPROMISE, 1820

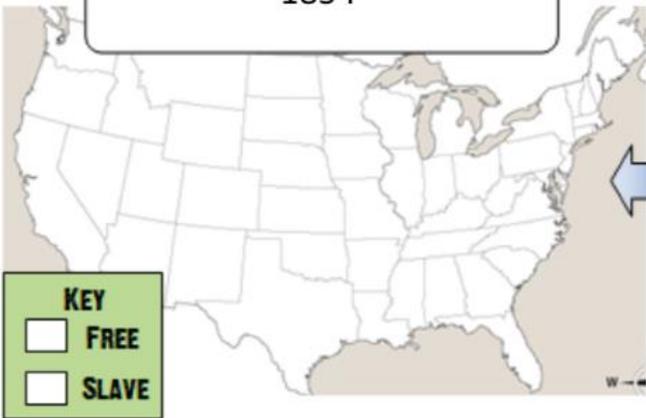


KEY

FREE

SLAVE

KANSAS-NEBRASKA ACT, 1854

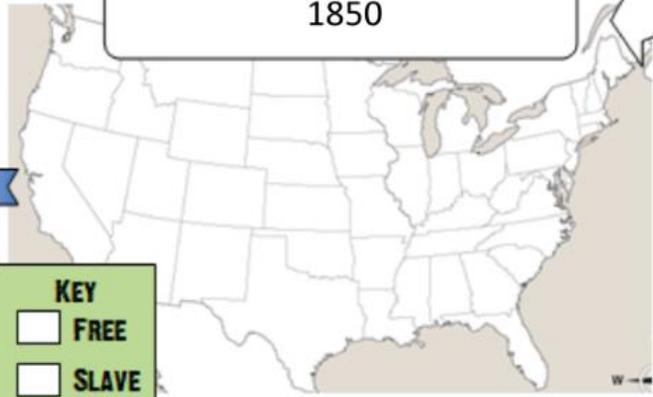


KEY

FREE

SLAVE

THE COMPROMISE OF 1850



KEY

FREE

SLAVE

